ACHCH Shelter Health Guidance for COVID-19 and Influenza:

April 13, 2020

The following information is a general guide and is not intended to take the place of medical advice from a health care provider. Shelter staff are not health care providers and, ACHCH reminds all to carefully respect physical distancing guidelines. Shelter staff should not place themselves at risk through close contact with people, especially those who may be symptomatic.

1. **Plan and be aware of guidance and resources**
2. **Provide education for staff and guests**
3. **Provide hygiene and prevention materials**
4. **Screen guests and guests for symptoms**
5. **Refer to Isolation Housing**
6. **Practice Social Distancing in Shelter Environments**
7. **Isolate and care for symptomatic persons as much as possible**
8. **Provide shelter and program sanitation services**
9. **Protect Yourself at Work and Home**

1. **Plan and be aware of COVID-19 guidance and resources**
   
   Shelter staff leads should coordinate closely with the Alameda County Heath Care for the Homeless program, and have a system to share information and updates from the program and County Health Officer to staff and guests.
   
   - ACHCH Shelter Providers Community Call Wednesday 10:30-11:30am
     
     Contact achch@acgov.org to get call-in information.
   
   - Alameda County Health Care for the Homeless guidance and resources at [https://www.achch.org/coronavirus](https://www.achch.org/coronavirus)
   

2. **Provide Education for staff and guests**
   
   Shelter staff should:
   
   - Make sure that flyers have credible educational information clearly visible and available to staff and guests. ACHCH recommends posting the following information: Symptoms, Cover Your Cough, Wash Your Hands, What to Know
   
   - Remind staff “If you feel sick, DON’T COME TO WORK!” No one needs “heroes” who may spread infection to their co-workers and guests.
   
   - Assess staff and volunteers for potential exposure risks. Redirect vulnerable (aging, chronic illness) staff or volunteers from higher risk positions providing prolonged close contact.
- Train staff on COVID as well as on physical distancing, handwashing, cough, and other hygiene techniques.
- **Avoid all close contact with symptomatic persons.** Have Protective Personal Equipment (PPE) on hand for any unusual situations involving close contact with symptomatic persons.
- Maintain program point persons in contact with the ACHCH program or Public Health department.

3. **Provide hygiene and prevention materials to staff and guests:**
   Shelter staff should:
   - Give all guests easy access to soap, water and hand-drying resources.
     - Make hand sanitizer available for general use, and offer personal-sized hand sanitizer for guests to take. Ensure that handwashing is frequently done.
     - Make tissue/Kleenex and waste baskets available.
     - Encourage the use of and distribute *disposable face masks* and instruct any guests or staff to wear a face mask in any congregate situation.

   **Information on Face Masks and Respirators**
   There are key differences between face masks and respirators:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disposable surgical face mask</th>
<th>N95 Respirator</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>“surgical mask, disposable mask, medical mask”</td>
<td>“N95 air filter”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Looser fitting</td>
<td>Must be tightly fitted, filters air coming IN from aerosolized virus particles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keeps virus from getting OUT of a sick person (sneeze, coughing, talking) to protect others.</td>
<td>Hard to breathe through if you are sick, young or old.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protects from splashes/drops coming from a sick person</td>
<td>Not recommended for general use during viral pandemic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Also prevents hand-mouth-nose touching and droplet transmission.</td>
<td>Health workers use when directly treating infected guests.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Only useful for staff when forced to deal closely with a symptomatic person.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   - If someone has a cough or is sneezing, they must wear a disposable face mask any time they are around others.
   - Change the mask if it gets saturated, and dispose of it safely.
   - Wash hands before and after changing mask to prevent spread of germs.
   - See [instructions for use](#) of face masks.
   - Maintain adequate supplies, including PPE. Contact your City homeless lead who will coordinate and order hard-to-access supplies (masks, hand sanitizer, gloves, bleach,
wipes) through your city Emergency Operations Center lead during this pandemic. Contact achch@acgov.org if you have issues or problems.

4. **Screen guests for symptoms, risk and health care:**
   Shelter staff should:
   - Provide Health Screening at intake and on a daily basis:
     **Screening questions:**
     Are you currently experiencing any of the following?
     - How do you feel today?
     - Do you have a fever? Take their temperature if possible.
     - Do you have a new cough, body aches, shortness of breath, sore throat, headache, lack of appetite?
     **Have you had recent contact with anyone known to have COVID infection?**
     **ACHCH Recommends:** Staff should have a temporal thermometer to help screen guests and guests for fever.
   - **Symptomatic Guests:** If a guest is symptomatic, or learns that they are a recent contact with a confirmed Covid case, place them in isolation, as best you can, separated from the rest of the guests in your shelter (Isolate and provide care for symptomatic persons).
   - Refer symptomatic or recent contact to Isolation Housing as soon as possible (see Refer to Isolation Housing).
   - If a person has severe symptoms (shaking, high fevers, difficulty breathing, difficulty walking, inability to stay hydrated, unable to care for self in shelter/tent) CALL 911.
   - **High-Risk guests:** Identify your shelter guests who may be at high risk of death or severe illness if they were infected with COVID:
     - Age 60+
     - Other chronic conditions like heart, lung or liver disease
     - Immune compromise (HIV, cancer, etc).

High-risk homeless are being referred through HMIS/Coordinated Entry System into hotel housing as Operation Safer Ground. Ensure that all guests have had their Coordinated Entry assessment done recently and updated, and keep in close contact with Home Stretch.

- **Testing:** At this time, testing is done through primary care providers, hospitals or the Emergency Department. Priority testing is being provided for first responders (including shelter and outreach providers) at:
  - Alameda Health System (510-437-8500)
  - Oakland’s Henry J. Kaiser convention center (covid19testing@oaklandca.gov)
  - Hayward Fire Station #7 info here

Symptomatic people experiencing homelessness can access testing through the TRUST Clinic.

Testing resources will change, so keep in touch with the ACHCH program.
• **Health Care:** Ensure that shelter guests have access to a primary care provider list of [countywide primary care providers](#). Remember that many people with chronic health issues continue to need ongoing health care even in time of pandemic.

5. **Refer to Isolation Housing**
   If a person develops symptoms of COVID-19 including fever, cough or shortness of breath, or reveals that they are a recent contact of a person with a confirmed case of COVID-19, please refer them to countywide [Isolation Housing](#) as soon as possible.
   - If a person has severe symptoms (shaking, high fevers, difficulty breathing, difficulty walking, inability to stay hydrated, unable to care for self in shelter/tent) CALL 911.
   - Your shelter program should have an Isolation Housing lead. Please have an isolation housing isolation and referral action plan. If your shelter or program is not connected to the referral process, write covidhousing@acgov.org.
   - Contact the HCH program is you believe someone with COVID symptoms, needs isolation and treatment, and cannot access Isolation Housing: 510-891-8950 (business hours) and email achch@acgov.org, or contact ACPHD (925) 422-7595 outside of business hours.
   - **Transportation:** Do not transport symptomatic guests on your own, nor through rideshare or taxis. People accessing Isolation and High-Risk housing are provided with transportation.

6. **Practice social distancing in the shelter setting:**
   All guests should follow current [County orders](#) around Shelter in Place. Shelter providers should limit the spaces between people, the number of people who congregate and interact together. Everyone, guests and staff should wear face masks when at work or around other people.
   **Examples of Social Distancing in Shelter Setting:**
   - Uses tissue or paper towel if you have to touch commonly touched surfaces
   - Practice frequent handwashing and sanitizing.
   - Keep 6 feet of “social distancing” with other people, avoid handshakes, hugs, etc.
   - Divide up sleeping spaces into smaller groups, with at least 6’ between each bed.
   - Create room dividers to separate beds.
   - Many shelters are reducing the amount of guests to enable them to expand the amount of space and support physical distancing.
   - Get “grab and go” lunches and meals and stagger meals to enable people to eat at separate times and locations.

7. **Isolate and provide care for symptomatic persons**
   - Symptomatic persons with no other isolation options, or whom are awaiting referral or transport to Isolation Housing, should be enabled to temporarily isolate, ideally in a separate, well-ventilated room, kept out of close contact (6’) of others, arrange to receive “to go” bag lunches, water, tissue and face masks. They should be provided
with medical care information and “home” isolation Tips and Guidance is available from Alameda County.

- **Identify isolation spaces for symptomatic persons:** Designate a space for people who may become sick. If possible, designate a nearby separate bathroom just for sick people. Develop a plan for cleaning the room at least daily.
  - Require the guest to wear a surgical mask.
  - Encourage the guest to lie down and rest. Most will want to do this.
  - Prevent dehydration. Encourage guest to drink plenty of water, clear soup, decaffeinated tea, juice. Bring food to the guest as much as possible to avoid contact with other persons.
  - Provide guest with hand sanitizer, tissues and plastic bag or lined garbage bag to dispose of tissues.
  - Encourage guest to cough into their elbow area or cover their mouth with tissues or paper towels when they cough or sneeze.
  - Avoid housing the sick person in a room with people who have health conditions that increase their risk of complications from COVID-19, these include but not limited to HIV, asthma, diabetes and pregnancy.
  - Use sheets or curtains to create temporary barriers between beds.
  - Check in on guest several times a day.

8. **Sanitation recommendations:**
   - Please refer closely to the Seattle King County Seattle King County Sanitation and Hygiene Guide.
   - Cleaning and Disinfecting Shelters and Programs
     - High touch areas likely to be contaminated should be cleaned and disinfected at least daily.
     - A 10% bleach solution (1/4 cup bleach to 1 gallon water) is adequate to kill COVID virus. After cleaning, let a bleach solution stand for 3-5 minutes and air dry. More detailed information here.
     - Be sure to use a separate procedure for first cleaning a surface, then disinfecting it: Disinfection usually requires the product to remain on the surface for a certain period of time (e.g., letting it stand for 3 to 5 minutes). with an EPA-registered disinfectant to kill germs, after the surface has been cleaned with soap and water.
     - Personnel preforming the cleaning and disinfecting should use disposable gloves.
     - Use damp cleaning methods. Dry dusting or sweeping can cause airborne virus droplets.
     - Change mop heads, rags, and similar items used for cleaning and disinfecting frequently.
     - Clean, disinfect, and dry equipment used for cleaning after each use.
     - Items such as dishes, linens, or eating utensil do not need to be cleaned separately, but it important to note these items should not be shared or used by others.
• **SUPPLIES:** Contact your City homeless lead who will coordinate and order hard-to-access supplies (masks, hand sanitizer, gloves, bleach, wipes) through your city Emergency Operations Center lead during this pandemic. Contact [achch@acgov.org](mailto:achch@acgov.org) if you have issues or problems.

9. **Protect Yourself in Workplace and Home**


• **Personal Protective Equipment:** Depending on your role in the shelter, you will have different PPE needs
  - Janitor- gloves and surgical mask
  - Food server- gloves and surgical mask
  - Shelter Staff- surgical masks and also gloves when touching guests.

• **How to use PPE**
  - Don before contact with guests, generally when you get to work
  - Use carefully – don’t spread contamination
  - Do not touch your face
  - Avoid touching or adjusting other PPE
  - Remove gloves if they become torn; perform hand hygiene before donning new gloves
  - Limit surfaces and items touched

• **Wearing a Surgical Mask**
  - Clean your hands with soap/water or hand sanitizer
  - Make sure mas has no holes or tears
  - Determine the top from the bottom. Top has metal edge to mold to the shape of your nose
  - Determine front form back. The color side is usually the front, white side touches the face
  - Follow the instructions for the mask
    - Hold mask by ear loops
    - Place a loop around each ear
    - Mold/pinch the metal edge to the shape of your nose
    - Pull the bottom of the mask over your mouth and chin.

• **Disposing of surgical Mask**
  - Wash hands with soap and water or use hand sanitizer
  - Avoid touching front of the mask as it may be contaminated
  - Hold both the ear loops and gently life and remove mask
  - Throw mask in the trash
  - Wash hands with soap and water or hand sanitizer

  Staff should try to wear the same mask throughout their shift if it is not soiled.

• **How do I dispose of PPE**
  • Remove and discard carefully, either at the doorway or immediately outside patient room; remove respirator outside room
  • Place in red biohazard bag if it has blood or bodily fluids.
  • Place in trash can otherwise
  • Immediately perform hand hygiene

• **Before Leaving Home**
  • Wash hands, arms to elbow and face
  • Put on clean clothes and immediately prior to leaving home
  • Avoid scarves and flowy clothing
  • Minimize the number of objects transported between home and work
  • Clean hard surfaces with disinfectant prior to leaving, ex. Phones, purses, lunch bags, etc...

• **At Work**
  • Maintain social distance as much as possible from staff and residents
  • Wear surgical mask when not eating
  • Wear gloves if touching a resident
  • Wash hands frequently for 20 seconds
  • Wash hands well prior to eating
  • Frequently disinfect phones, keyboards mouse, pens, badges, door handles and high touch areas

• **Going Home**
  • Wash hands, arms to elbow and face
  • Clean hard surfaces with disinfectant prior to leaving, ex. Phones, purses, lunch bags, etc...
  • If you can change clothes to wear home. If not change clothing immediately upon returning home.
  • Put work clothing in a bag or in the washer to be cleaned
  • Wash hands again when you arrive at home.

All Information gathered from
Seattle King County Sanitation and Hygiene Guide
HUD Infectious Disease Toolkit for Shelters